

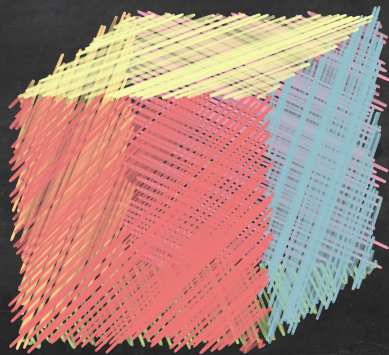
# Chiral extensions of regular toroids

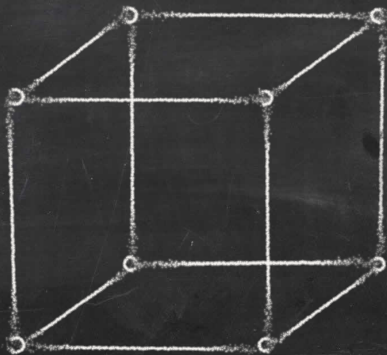
Antonio Montero

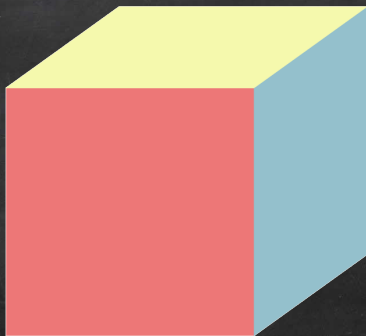
joint work with Daniel Pellicer and Micael Toledo

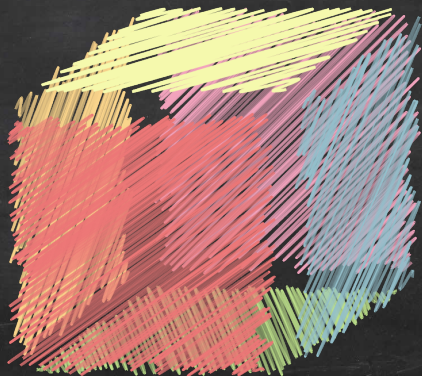
Centro de Ciencias Matemáticas - UNAM

8th PhD Summer School in Discrete Mathematics  
Rogla, Slovenia July 2018

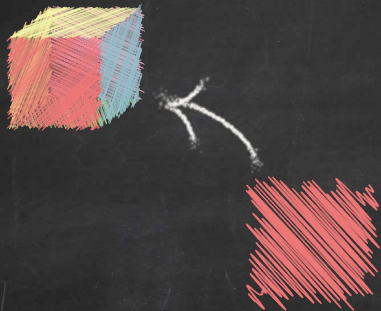


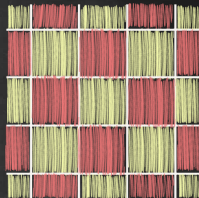
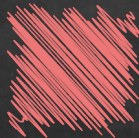
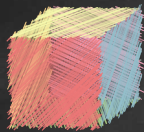




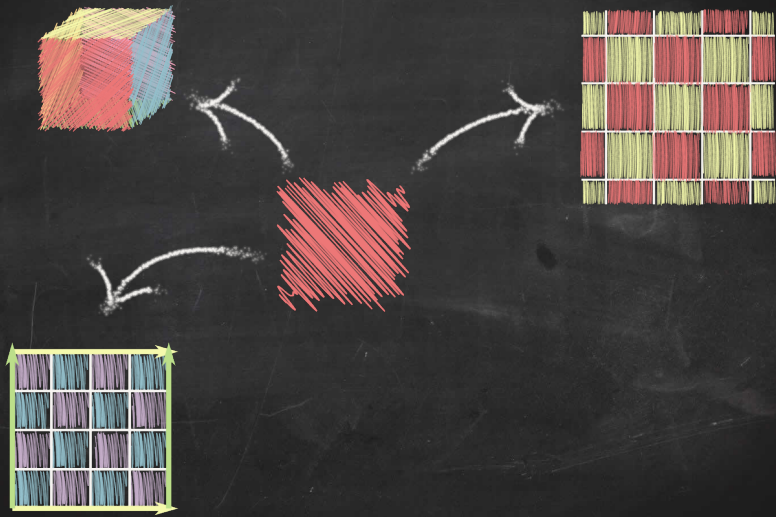


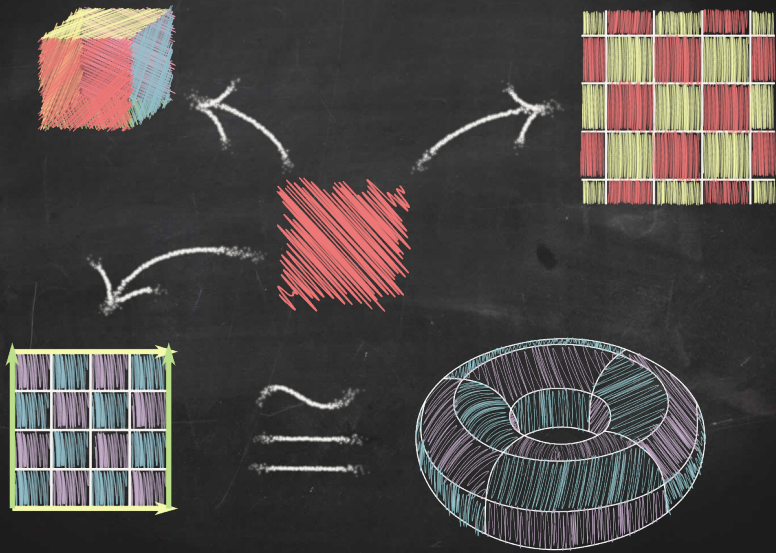


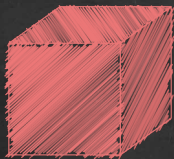


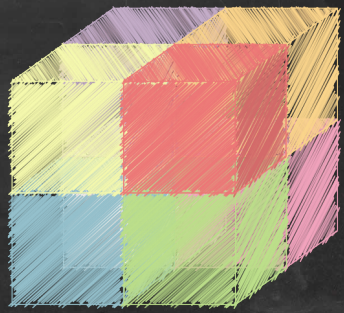
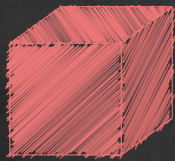












# Recursive Construction

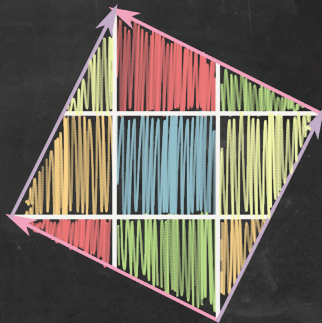
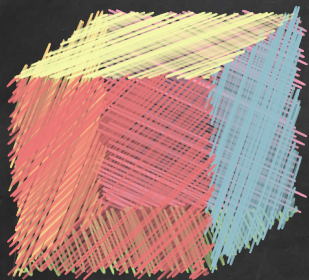
Recursive  
Construction

Strong  
Connectivity  
Conditions

Recursive  
Construction

Strong  
Connectivity  
Conditions

Abstract  
Polytopes





# Regular polytopes

# Regular polytopes

- Platonic solids

# Regular polytopes

- Platonic solids
- Convex

# Regular polytopes

- Platonic solids
- Convex
- Tillings

# Regular polytopes

- Platonic solids
- Convex
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- Maps on surfaces

## Regular polytopes

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- Well studied

## Regular polytopes

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## Chiral polytopes

- 70's: Chiral maps and twisted honeycombs

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- 70's: Chiral maps and twisted honeycombs
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- 1995: First example rk 5

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- 70's: Chiral maps and twisted honeycombs
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- 1995: First example rk 5
- 2005: First finite example rk 5

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- Convex
- Tiling
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- Defined in 1991
- 1995: First example rk 5
- 2005: First finite example rk 5
- 2010: They exist in all ranks

## Regular polytopes

- Platonic solids
- Convex
- Tillings
- Maps on surfaces
- Well studied
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## Chiral polytopes

- 70's: Chiral maps and twisted honeycombs
- Defined in 1991
- 1995: First example rk 5
- 2005: First finite example rk 5
- 2010: They exist in all ranks
- 2018: There are plenty but they are huge

Given an abstract  $n$ -polytope  $K$ ,

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does there exist a chiral  $(n+1)$ -polytope  $P$   
with all its facets isomorphic to  $K$ ?



# Chiral polytopes

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Determined by  
its group:

# Chiral polytopes

Determined by  
its group:

- Generators and relations

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Determined by  
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Regular or chiral  
facets, regular  
subfacets

$P$   
chiral

P  
chiral



K  
chiral  
w/reg facets



P  
chiral



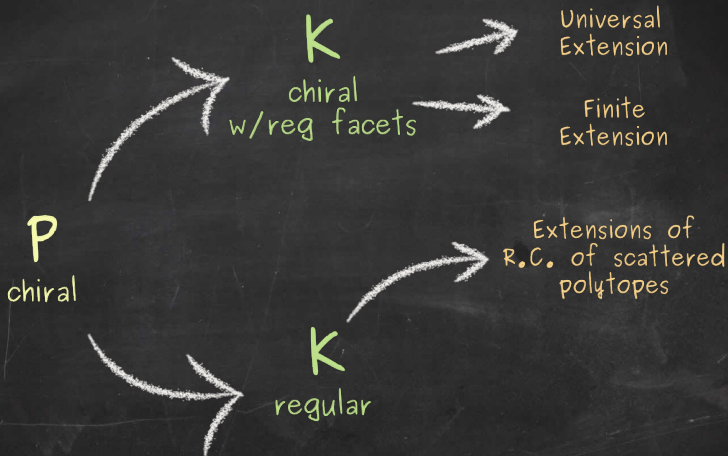
K  
chiral  
w/reg facets

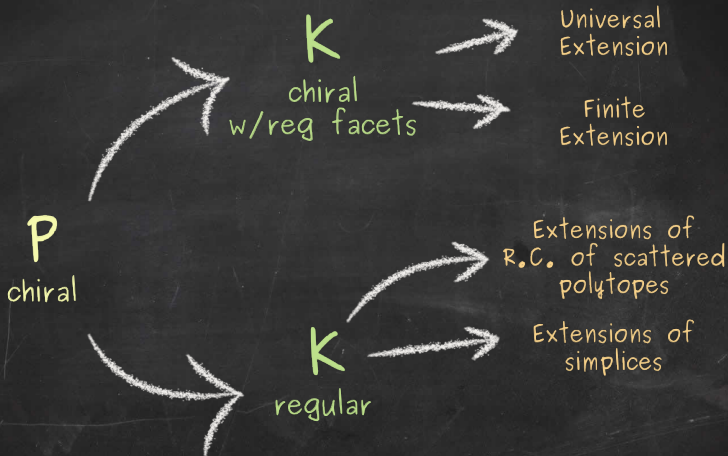


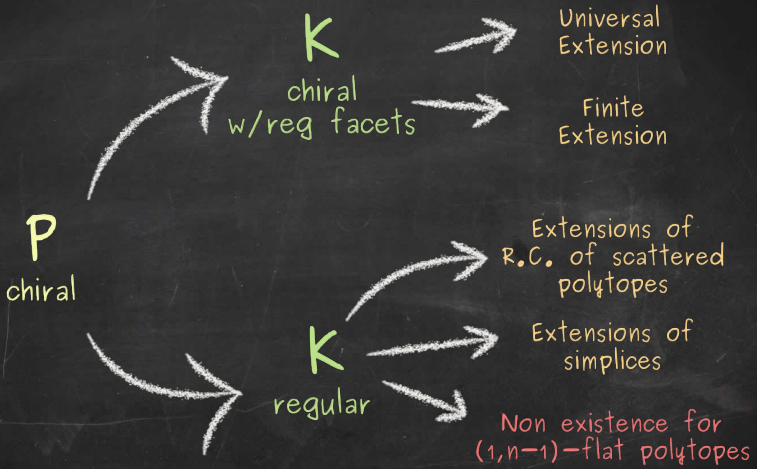
Universal  
Extension

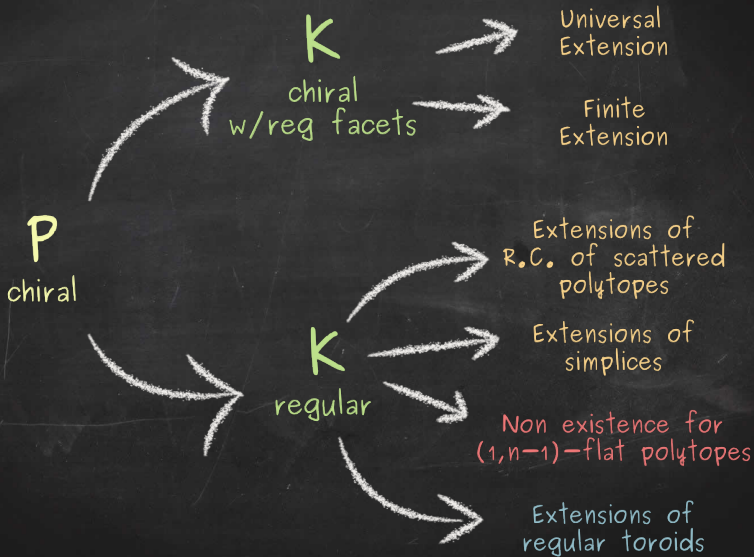












Theorem (Pellicer, Potocnik, Toledo, 2018)

For every  $n \geq 3$  and every  $l \in \{0, \dots, n-1\}$  there exists an  $n$ -manifold of type  $2_l$ .

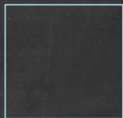


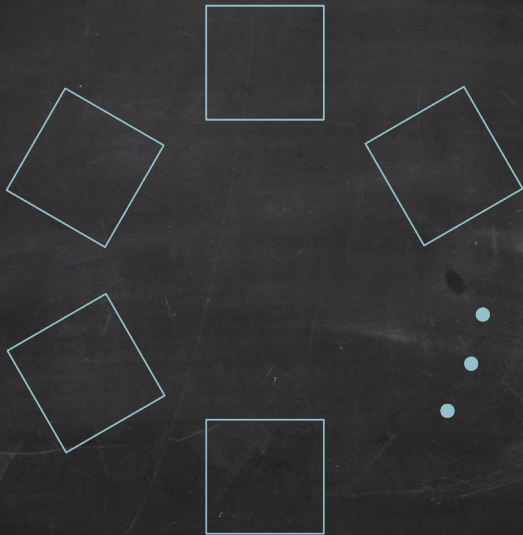
Theorem (Pellicer, Potocnik, Toledo, 2018)

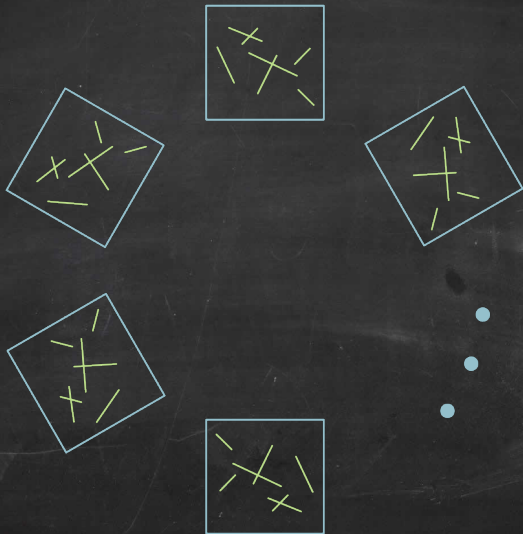
For every  $n \geq 3$  and every  $I \subsetneq \{0, \dots, n-1\}$  there exists an  $n$ -manifold of type  $2_I$ .

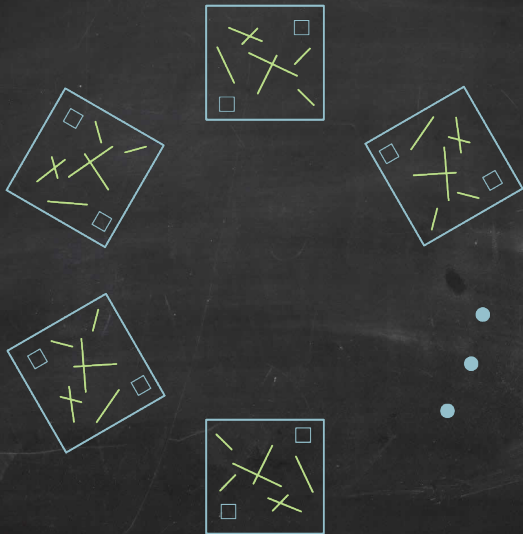
Theorem (M., Pellicer, Toledo)

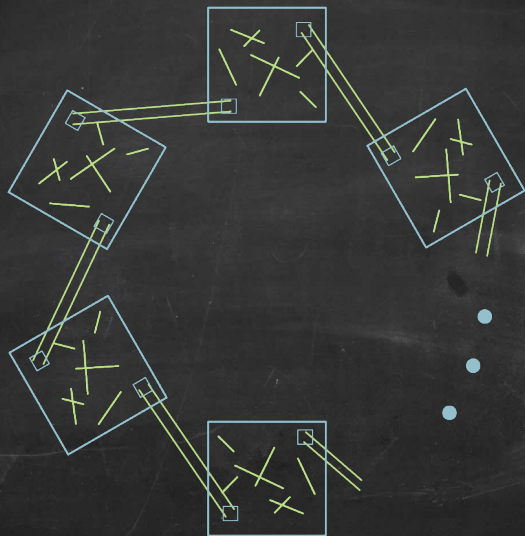
For every  $n \geq 3$  and every  $a \geq 2n+1$  there exists a chiral extension of the regular toroid  $\{4, 3, \dots, 3, 4\}_{(a, 0, \dots, 0)}$











Thank you!